TABLE 9. Incidence rate¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² by selected worker characteristics and selected industries, State government, 2008

Characteristic	State government			Selected industries					
	Number	Percent	Rate	Construction (NAICS 23)	Colleges, universities, and professional schools (NAICS 6113)	Hospitals (NAICS 622)	Nursing and residential care facilities (NAICS 623)	Police protection (NAICS 92212)	Correctiona institutions (NAICS 92214)
Total State government	71,100	100.0	170.0	196.8	66.6	399.0	521.5	302.8	393.0
Nature of injury, illness:									
Sprains, strains, tears	28,060	39.5	67.1	71.5	29.6	149.3	231.6	102.3	160.4
Fractures	4,390	6.2	10.5	18.1	5.5	17.8	20.2	22.0	18.6
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	2,450	3.4	5.9	_	2.6	9.2	13.4	21.5	12.7
Cuts, lacerations	2,040	2.9	4.9	_	2.3	7.0	12.0	21.1	10.4
Punctures	410	.6	1.0	_	.3	2.2	1.5		2.3
Amputations	40	.1	.1	_				_	
Bruises, contusions	8,490	11.9	20.3	14.5	7.5	75.8	51.6	10.5	47.5
Heat burns, scalds	500	.7	1.2	_	.6	4.3	8.4	_	1.9
Chemical burns	140	.2	.3	_	.7	_	_	_	.6
Carpal tunnel syndrome	820	1.2	2.0	_	1.2	1.8	2.1	10.2	2.4
Tendonitis	150	.2	.4	_	.4	-	2.3	-	.3
Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders	4,570	6.4	10.9	12.9	3.7	17.3	31.5	25.0	29.6
Fractures and burns	520	.7	1.2		.6	1.9	1.5	10.2	2.8
Sprains and bruises	2.070	2.9	4.9	5.1	2.0	9.0	19.3	11.9	12.1
Soreness, pain, including back	8,610	12.1	20.6	48.2	5.2	51.9	96.2	57.8	40.8
Back pain only	2.130	3.0	5.1	25.5	1.5	8.3	21.2	35.1	7.7
All other natures	12,870	18.1	30.8	26.9	9.5	70.9	63.7	52.9	78.1
7 iii Otrici riatares	12,070	10.1	30.0	20.5	3.5	70.5	00.7	02.0	70.1
Event or exposure:									
Contact with objects and equipment	11,060	15.6	26.4	31.3	12.2	45.5	63.9	45.5	72.0
Struck by object	5,880	8.3	14.1	16.1	6.0	23.9	41.3	13.5	31.7
Struck against object	3,190	4.5	7.6	13.7	3.8	13.8	15.4	12.1	26.2
Caught in or compressed by equipment or objects	910	1.3	2.2	_	1.1	3.9	6.5	_	6.9
Fall to lower level	4,230	5.9	10.1	21.3	5.7	10.9	10.7	7.6	38.1
Fall on same level	11,620	16.3	27.8	26.8	13.0	46.7	64.4	33.9	67.6
Slip, trip, loss of balance without fall	2,780	3.9	6.7	6.8	2.7	11.5	15.0	9.2	18.8
Overexertion	11,670	16.4	27.9	53.9	15.4	75.3	147.2	23.8	40.8
Overexertion in lifting	5,240	7.4	12.5	33.0	8.3	26.2	41.1	11.8	17.8
Repetitive motion	2,110	3.0	5.0	3.5	3.0	6.3	9.3	10.2	8.2
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	2,750	3.9	6.6	9.1	3.5	13.9	17.5	13.7	16.8
Transportation incidents	4,120	5.8	9.9	19.5	2.3	4.0	5.8	83.2	3.0
Highway Accident	3,380	4.8	8.1	13.7	1.4	3.9	3.7	74.7	2.5
Fires and explosions	50	.1	.1	_	_	_	_	_	.5
Assaults and violent acts	11,980	16.8	28.6	_	1.0	153.9	155.1	19.0	61.7
By person(s)	11,330	15.9	27.1	_	.6	145.3	153.5	17.9	57.2
By animal	250	.4	.6	_	.4	_	1.4		1.7
All other events	8,710	12.3	20.8	22.8	7.8	30.9	32.6	56.6	65.4
D									
Part of body affected:	5,640	7.9	13.5	8.0	4.5	51.8	37.1	1.4.1	27.5
Head	5,640 1,470	7.9 2.1	3.5	0.0	4.5 1.2	10.2	9.7	14.1 4.3	8.9
Eye(s)	1,470		2.5	_					2.7
Neck, including throat	19,700	1.5 27.7	2.5 47.1	76.2	.8 22.2	9.8 114.9	13.1 169.0	6.3 83.3	84.5
Trunk									
Shoulder, including clavicle, scapula	4,490	6.3	10.7	14.9	4.7	25.5	39.0	8.3	21.5
Back, including spine, spinal cord	11,130	15.7	26.6	56.9	13.6	59.8	106.8	64.6	41.5
Upper extremities	12,440	17.5	29.7	34.2	12.1	69.9	95.6	55.5	71.9
Arm(s)	2,590	3.6	6.2	13.9	3.0	20.5	20.2	4.9	11.9
Wrist(s)	2,950	4.1	7.1	14.3	3.2	15.4	20.5	14.8	12.6
Hand(s), except finger(s)	2,050	2.9	4.9	T	1.6	11.0	22.9	18.1	13.4
Finger(s), fingernail(s)	3,620	5.1	8.7	3.8	3.4	18.1	20.2	10.8	26.4

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE 9. Incidence rate¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work² by selected worker characteristics and selected industries, State government, 2008 — Continued

Characteristic	State government			Selected industries					
	Number	Percent	Rate	Construction (NAICS 23)	Colleges, universities, and professional schools (NAICS 6113)	Hospitals (NAICS 622)	Nursing and residential care facilities (NAICS 623)	Police protection (NAICS 92212)	Correctional institutions (NAICS 92214)
Part of body affected: - continued									
Lower extremities	16,040	22.6	38.3	41.1	15.4	75.3	97.0	55.8	110.6
Knee(s)	7,220	10.2	17.2	29.1	5.7	36.9	45.2	24.6	56.4
Ankle(s)	3,160	4.4	7.5	7.8	3.8	13.5	18.3	11.8	16.1
Foot, toe	2,630	3.7	6.3	_	3.1	9.8	17.4	9.0	18.7
Body systems	1,910	2.7	4.6	2.4	.9	4.6	4.0	7.6	14.9
Multiple body parts	13,940	19.6	33.3	34.4	10.3	71.9	105.1	76.5	78.0
All other parts of body	380	.5	.9	-	.3	.8	-	3.7	2.9
Source of injury, illness:									
Chemicals and chemical products	620	.9	1.5	2.4	1.4	3.8	5.2	_	2.2
Containers	3.460	4.9	8.3	9.7	7.1	13.3	23.8	7.9	16.8
Furniture and fixtures	2.470	3.5	5.9		4.5	10.3	27.0	-	11.7
Machinery	1,690	2.4	4.0	16.0	2.7	5.3	3.7	_	3.1
Parts and materials	2,100	3.0	5.0	28.2	2.9	3.3	3.1	21.4	7.4
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	16,630	23.4	39.8	39.5	18.4	62.2	79.2	45.0	117.1
Handtools	1,150	1.6	2.8	4.5	2.7	4.1	2.0	_	3.0
Vehicles	5,980	8.4	14.3	31.7	3.8	12.3	13.2	92.5	9.3
Person, injured or ill worker	11,460	16.1	27.4	31.6	12.1	42.5	48.3	73.5	75.4
Bodily motion or position of injured,	. 1, 100			31.0	.2	.2.0	.5.0	. 0.0	
ill worker	10,520	14.8	25.2	29.8	11.9	41.0	47.2	67.8	64.6
Person, other than injured or ill worker	16,310	22.9	39.0		1.8	202.7	264.8	28.3	79.3
Health care patient	9.180	12.9	22.0	_	.6	162.8	207.5	_	1.1
All other sources	9.240	13.0	22.1	32.8	9.0	39.2	51.2	31.0	67.8

 $^{^{1}}$ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

EH = total hours worked by all employees

during the calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year)

NOTE: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies

N = number of injuries and illnesses

 $^{^2\,}$ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.